### ENGROSSED

### COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

#### FOR

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#### FOR

### Senate Bill No. 317

(By Senators Unger, Nohe, Kessler (Mr. President), D. Hall, Stollings, Tucker, Cann, Fitzsimmons, Kirkendoll, Miller, Laird, Williams, Yost, Beach, Edgell, Plymale, Prezioso and Snyder)

> [Originating in the Committee on the Judiciary; reported February 19, 2014.]

A BILL to amend and reenact §8-1-5a of the Code of West Virginia,

1931, as amended; and to amend and reenact §8-12-5 and §8-12-5a of said code, all relating to municipal firearm laws; removing firearm provisions from the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program; prohibiting ordinances from being enacted under the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program that are in

conflict with certain other state law; clarifying municipal authority to arrest, convict and punish individuals for certain firearms offenses authorized by code and federal law; removing the grandfather clause excepting certain municipal ordinances limiting the purchase, possession, transfer, ownership, carrying, transporting, selling or storing of guns or ammunition from the general provision prohibiting such ordinances; defining terms; clarifying municipalities' authority to regulate possession and carrying of firearms; permitting municipalities to enact and enforce certain ordinances relating to limiting possession of firearms in municipal buildings and on municipal property; permitting persons to store firearms in vehicles on public property under certain circumstances; creating absolute defenses to a violation of municipal firearm ordinances; requiring posting of certain signs; specifying that private redress for violations may be brought under chapter fifty-three of this code and may include reasonable attorneys fees and costs; excluding municipalities from the use of section fourteen, article seven, chapter sixty-one of this code; and clarifying that

[Eng. Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. No. 317 municipalities cannot prohibit the otherwise lawful carrying of firearms on municipal streets and sidewalks except when a street or sidewalk is temporarily closed to traffic for purposes of municipally authorized events of limited duration.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §8-1-5a of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that §8-12-5 and §8-12-5a of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 1. PURPOSE AND SHORT TITLE; DEFINITIONS; GENERAL PROVISIONS; CONSTRUCTION.

### §8-1-5a. Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program.

- (a) Legislative findings. The Legislature finds and
   2 declares that:
- 3 (1) The initial Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program
  4 brought innovative results, including novel municipal ideas
  5 that became municipal ordinances which later resulted in new
  6 statewide statutes;

7	(2) The initial Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program also
8	brought novel municipal ideas that resulted in court
9	challenges against some of the participating municipalities;
10	(3) The Municipal Home Rule Board was an essential
11	part of the initial Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program, but it
12	lacked some needed powers and duties;
13	(4) Municipalities still face challenges delivering services
14	required by federal and state law or demanded by their

15 constituents;

16 (5) Municipalities are sometimes restrained by state
17 statutes, policies and rules that challenge their ability to carry
18 out their duties and responsibilities in a cost-effective,
19 efficient and timely manner;

20 (6) Continuing the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program21 is in the public interest; and

(7) Increasing the powers and duties of the MunicipalHome Rule Board will enhance the Municipal Home RulePilot Program.

25 (b) Continuance of pilot program. - The Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program is continued until July 1, 2019. 26 27 ordinances enacted by the four participating The 28 municipalities pursuant to the initial Municipal Home Rule 29 Pilot Program are hereby authorized and may remain in effect 30 until the ordinances are repealed, but are null and void if 31 amended and such amendment is not approved by the 32 Municipal Home Rule Board: Provided, That any ordinance 33 enacting a municipal occupation tax is hereby null and void. 34 (c) Authorizing participation. –

(1) Commencing July 1, 2013, twenty Class I, Class II,
Class III and/or Class IV municipalities that are current in
payment of all state fees may participate in the Municipal
Home Rule Pilot Program pursuant to the provisions of this
section.

40 (2) The four municipalities participating in the pilot
41 program on July 1, 2012, are hereby authorized to continue
42 in the pilot program and may amend current written plans
43 and/or submit new written plans in accordance with the
44 provisions of this section.

45 (3) If any of the four municipalities participating in the pilot program on July 1, 2012, do not want to participate in 46 47 the pilot program, then on or before June 1, 2014, the 48 municipality must submit a written letter to the board 49 indicating the municipality's intent not to participate and the 50 board may choose another municipality to fill the vacancy: 51 *Provided*, That if a municipality chooses not to participate 52 further in the pilot program, its ordinances enacted pursuant 53 to the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program are hereby authorized and may remain in effect until the ordinances are 54 repealed, but are null and void if amended: 55 Provided, That any ordinance enacting a 56 however. municipal 57 occupation tax is null and void.

(d) *Municipal Home Rule Board*. – The Municipal Home
Rule Board is hereby continued. The board members serving
on the board on July 1, 2012, may continue to serve, except
that the Chair of the Senate Committee on Government
Organization and the Chair of the House Committee on
Government Organization shall be ex officio nonvoting

7 [Eng. Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. No. 317 members. Effective July 1, 2013, the Municipal Home Rule 64 Board shall consist of the following five voting members: 65 66 (1) The Governor, or a designee, who shall serve as chair: 67 (2) The Executive Director of the West Virginia 68 Development Office or a designee; 69 (3) One member representing the Business and Industry Council, appointed by the Governor with the advice and 70 71 consent of the Senate: 72 (4) One member representing the largest labor organization in the state, appointed by the Governor with the 73 74 advice and consent of the Senate; and (5) One member representing the West Virginia Chapter 75

76 of <u>the</u> American Institute of Certified Planners, appointed by

77 the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate.

(e) *Board's powers and duties.* – The Municipal Home
Rule Board has the following powers and duties:

80 (1) Review, evaluate, make recommendations and
81 approve or reject, by a majority vote of the board, each aspect
82 of the written plan submitted by a municipality;

(2) By a majority vote of the board, select, based on the
municipality's written plan, new Class I, Class II, Class III
and/or Class IV municipalities to participate in the Municipal
Home Rule Pilot Program;

(3) Review, evaluate, make recommendations and
approve or reject, by a majority vote of the board, the
amendments to the written plans submitted by municipalities;
(4) Approve or reject, by a majority vote of the board,
each ordinance submitted by a participating municipality
pursuant to its written plan or its amendments to the written
plan;

94 (5) Consult with any agency affected by the written plans95 or the amendments to the written plans; and

96 (6) Perform any other powers or duties necessary to97 effectuate the provisions of this section.

98 (f) *Written plan.* – On or before June 1, 2014, a Class I, 99 Class II, Class III or Class IV municipality desiring to 100 participate in the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program shall 101 submit a written plan to the board stating in detail the 102 following: [Eng. Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. No. 317
(1) The specific laws, acts, resolutions, policies, rules or
regulations which prevent the municipality from carrying out
its duties in the most cost-efficient, effective and timely
manner;

107 (2) The problems created by the laws, acts, resolutions,108 policies, rules or regulations;

(3) The proposed solutions to the problems, including all
proposed changes to ordinances, acts, resolutions, rules and
regulations: *Provided*, That the specific municipal ordinance
instituting the solution does not have to be included in the
written plan; and

(4) A written opinion, by an attorney licensed to practice
in West Virginia, stating that the proposed written plan does
not violate the provisions of this section.

117 (g) *Public hearing on written plan.* – Prior to submitting

118 its written plan to the board, the municipality shall:

119 (1) Hold a public hearing on the written plan;

120 (2) Provide notice at least thirty days prior to the public

121 hearing by a Class II legal advertisement;

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(3) Make a copy of the written plan available for public
inspection at least thirty days prior to the public hearing; and
(4) After the public hearing, adopt an ordinance
authorizing the municipality to submit a written plan to the
Municipal Home Rule Board after the proposed ordinance
has been read two times.

(h) *Selection of municipalities.* – On or after June 1,
2014, by a majority vote, the Municipal Home Rule Board
may select from the municipalities that submitted written
plans and were approved by the board by majority vote, new
Class I, Class II, Class III and/or Class IV municipalities to
participate in the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program.

(i) Ordinance, act, resolution, rule or regulation. – After
being selected to participate in the Municipal Home Rule
Pilot Program and prior to enacting an ordinance, act,
resolution, rule or regulation based on the written plan, the
municipality shall:

(1) Hold a public hearing on the proposed ordinance, act,resolution, rule or regulation;

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(2) Provide notice at least thirty days prior to the public
hearing by a Class II legal advertisement;

(3) Make a copy of the proposed ordinance, act,
resolution, rule or regulation available for public inspection
at least thirty days prior to the public hearing;

(4) After the public hearing, submit the comments, either
in audio or written form, to the Municipal Home Rule Board;
(5) Obtain approval, from the Municipal Home Rule
Board by a majority vote, for the proposed ordinance, act,
resolution, rule or regulation; and

(6) After obtaining approval from the Municipal Home
Rule Board, read the proposed ordinance, act, resolution, rule
or regulation at least two times.

(j) *Powers and duties of municipalities.* – The
municipalities participating in the Municipal Home Rule
Pilot Program have the authority to pass an ordinance, act,
resolution, rule or regulation, under the provisions of this
section, that is not contrary to:

159 (1) Environmental law;

- 160 (2) Bidding on government construction and other161 contracts;
- 162 (3) The Freedom of Information Act;
- 163 (4) The Open Governmental Proceedings Act;
- 164 (5) Wages for construction of public improvements;
- 165 (6) The provisions of this section;
- 166 (7) The provisions of section five-a, article twelve of this
- 167 chapter; and
- 168 (7) (8) The municipality's written plan.
- (k) *Prohibited acts.* The municipalities participating in
  the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program do not have the
  authority to pass an ordinance, act, resolution, rule or
  regulation, under the provisions of this section, pertaining to:
  (1) The Constitution of the United States or West
  Virginia;
- 175 (2) Federal law or crimes and punishment;
- 176 (3) Chapters sixty-a, sixty-one and sixty-two of this code
- 177 or state crimes and punishment;
- 178 (4) Pensions or retirement plans;

13 [Eng. Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. No. 317179 (5) Annexation;

180 (6) Taxation: *Provided*, That a participating municipality 181 may enact a municipal sales tax up to one percent if it 182 reduces or eliminates its municipal business and occupation 183 tax: *Provided*, *however*, That if a municipality subsequently 184 reinstates or raises the municipal business and occupation tax 185 it previously reduced or eliminated under the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program, it shall eliminate the municipal 186 sales tax enacted under the Municipal Home Rule Pilot 187 188 *Provided further*, That any municipality that Program: 189 imposes a municipal sales tax pursuant to this section shall 190 use the services of the Tax Commissioner to administer, 191 enforce and collect the tax in the same manner as the state 192 consumers sales and service tax and use tax under the 193 provisions of articles fifteen, fifteen-a and fifteen-b, chapter eleven of this code and all applicable provisions of the 194 195 streamlined sales and use tax agreement: And provided 196 *further*, That such tax will not apply to the sale of motor fuel 197 or motor vehicles:

198 (7) Tax increment financing;

199 (8) Extraction of natural resources;

(9) Persons or property outside the boundaries of the
municipality: *Provided*, That this prohibition under the
Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program does not affect a
municipality's powers outside its boundary lines under other
sections of this chapter, other chapters of this code or court
decisions;

206 (10) Marriage and divorce laws;

207 (11) Restricting the carrying of a firearm, as that term is
208 defined in section two, article seven, chapter sixty-one of this
209 code: *Provided*, That, notwithstanding the provisions of
210 subsection (p) of this section, municipalities may regulate the
211 carrying of a firearm in municipal buildings dedicated to
212 government operations other than parking buildings or
213 garages: *Provided*, *however*, That on other municipal
214 property, municipalities may regulate only those persons not
215 licensed to carry a concealed firearm; and

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216 (12) (11) An occupation tax, fee or assessment payable
217 by a nonresident of a municipality.

(1) Amendments to written plans. – A municipality
selected to participate in the Municipal Home Rule Pilot
Program may amend its written plan at any time.

(m) *Reporting requirements.* – Commencing December
1, 2015, and each year thereafter, each participating
municipality shall give a progress report to the Municipal
Home Rule Board and commencing January 1, 2016, and
each year thereafter, the Municipal Home Rule Board shall
give a summary report of all the participating municipalities
to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

(n) *Performance Evaluation and Review Division review*.
– Before January 1, 2019, the Performance Evaluation and
Review Division of the Legislative Auditor's office shall
conduct a performance review on the pilot program and the
participating municipalities. The review shall include the
following:

(1) An evaluation of the effectiveness of expanded homerule on the participating municipalities;

(2) A recommendation as to whether the expanded home
rule should be continued, reduced, expanded or terminated;
(3) A recommendation as to whether any legislation is

239 necessary; and

240 (4) Any other issues considered relevant.

241 (o) *Termination of the pilot program.* – The Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program terminates on July 1, 2019. No 242 243 ordinance, act, resolution, rule or regulation may be enacted 244 by a participating municipality after July 1, 2019, pursuant to 245 the provisions of this section. An ordinance, act, resolution, 246 rule or regulation enacted by a participating municipality 247 under the provisions of this section during the period of the 248 Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program shall continue in full 249 force and effect until repealed, but is null and void if it is 250 amended and such amendment is not approved by the 251 Municipal Home Rule Board.

252 (p) Additional requirements for participation. –

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253	(1) The Class I, Class II, Class III and/or Class IV
254	municipalities that wish to participate in the Municipal Home
255	Rule Pilot Program, pursuant to the provisions of this section,
256	must agree to the requirements set forth in this subsection
257	concerning regulation of firearms, ammunition and firearm
258	accessories: Provided, That if the four municipalities
259	participating in the pilot program on July 1, 2012, wish to
260	continue in the pilot program then those municipalities must
261	also agree to comply with the requirements of this subsection.
262	<del>(2) Definitions. –</del>
263	As used in this subsection:
264	(A) "Ammunition" means fixed cartridge ammunition,
265	shotgun shells, the individual components of fixed cartridge
266	ammunition and shotgun shells, projectiles for

267 muzzle-loading firearms and any propellant used in firearms
268 or ammunition.

269 (B) "Firearm accessory" means a device specifically
270 designed or adapted to enable the wearing or carrying about
271 one's person, or the storage or mounting in or on a

272 conveyance, of a firearm, or an attachment or device
273 specifically designed or adapted to be inserted into or affixed
274 onto a firearm to enable, alter or improve the functioning or
275 capabilities of the firearm.

276 (C) "Firearm" has the same meaning as in section two,
277 article seven of chapter sixty-one.

278 (3) General rule. –

(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to
the contrary, except as otherwise provided in this section,
municipalities participating in the Municipal Home Rule
Pilot Program, pursuant to this section, shall not restrict in
any manner the right of any person to purchase, possess,
transfer, own, carry, transport, sell or store any revolver,
pistol, rifle or shotgun, or any other firearm, or any
ammunition or ammunition components to be used therewith,
or the keeping of gunpowder so as to directly or indirectly
prohibit the ownership of the ammunition, or, to restrict in
any manner the right of any person to purchase, possess,

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291	accessory or accoutrement, under any order, ordinance or
292	rule promulgated or enforced by the municipality. This
293	subsection may not be construed to prevent any law
294	enforcement official with appropriate authority from
295	enforcing any statute enacted by the state.
296	(B) The authority of a municipality to regulate firearms,
297	ammunition or firearm accessories may not be inferred from
298	its proprietary authority, home rule status or any other
299	inherent or general power.

300 (C) Any existing or future orders, ordinances or rules
301 promulgated or enforced in violation of this subsection are
302 null and void.

### 303 (4) Applicability and effective dates. –

304 Ninety days after a new municipality has been selected 305 by the Board to participate in the pilot program, or a 306 previously participating municipality has chosen to continue 307 to participate in the pilot program, any municipal gun 308 ordinances previously authorized by the provisions of section 309 five-a, article twelve of this chapter shall no longer be of any

310 force or effect for any municipality participating in this
311 program to the extent they are in conflict with the provisions
312 of this subsection: *Provided*, That no provision in this
313 subsection may be construed to limit the authority of a
314 municipality to restrict the commercial use of real estate in
315 designated areas through planning or zoning ordinances.

## ARTICLE 12. GENERAL AND SPECIFIC POWERS, DUTIES AND ALLIED RELATIONS OF MUNICIPALITIES, GOVERNING BODIES AND MUNICIPAL OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES; SUITS AGAINST MUNICIPALITIES.

# §8-12-5. General powers of every municipality and the governing body thereof.

In addition to the powers and authority granted by: (i)
 The Constitution of this state; (ii) other provisions of this
 chapter; (iii) other general law; and (iv) any charter, and to
 the extent not inconsistent or in conflict with any of the
 foregoing except special legislative charters, every

[Eng. Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. No. 317 6 municipality and the governing body thereof shall have 7 plenary power and authority therein by ordinance or 8 resolution, as the case may require, and by appropriate action 9 based thereon:

10 (1) To lay off, establish, construct, open, alter, curb, 11 recurb, pave or repave and keep in good repair, or vacate, 12 discontinue and close, streets, avenues, roads, alleys, ways, sidewalks, drains and gutters, for the use of the public, and to 13 improve and light the same, and have them kept free from 14 obstructions on or over them which have not been authorized 15 pursuant to the succeeding provisions of this subdivision; 16 17 and, subject to such terms and conditions as the governing 18 body shall prescribe, to permit, without in any way limiting 19 the power and authority granted by the provisions of article 20 sixteen of this chapter, any person to construct and maintain 21 a passageway, building or other structure overhanging or 22 crossing the airspace above a public street, avenue, road, alley, way, sidewalk or crosswalk, but before any permission 23 24 for any person to construct and maintain a passageway,

building or other structure overhanging or crossing any 25 26 airspace is granted, a public hearing thereon shall be held by the governing body after publication of a notice of the date. 27 28 time, place and purpose of the public hearing has been 29 published as a Class I legal advertisement in compliance with 30 the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code 31 and the publication area for the publication shall be the 32 municipality: Provided, That any permit so granted shall automatically cease and terminate in the event of 33 abandonment and nonuse thereof for the purposes intended 34 35 for a period of ninety days, and all rights therein or thereto 36 shall revert to the municipality for its use and benefit;

37 (2) To provide for the opening and excavation of streets,
38 avenues, roads, alleys, ways, sidewalks, crosswalks and
39 public places belonging to the municipality and regulate the
40 conditions under which any such opening may be made;

41 (3) To prevent by proper penalties the throwing,
42 depositing or permitting to remain on any street, avenue,
43 road, alley, way, sidewalk, square or other public place any

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44 glass, scrap iron, nails, tacks, wire, other litter or any
45 offensive matter or anything likely to injure the feet of
46 individuals or animals or the tires of vehicles;

47 (4) To regulate the use of streets, avenues, roads, alleys,
48 ways, sidewalks, crosswalks and public places belonging to
49 the municipality, including the naming or renaming thereof,
50 and to consult with local postal authorities, the Division of
51 Highways and the directors of county emergency
52 communications centers to assure uniform, nonduplicative
53 addressing on a permanent basis;

54 (5) To regulate the width of streets, avenues and roads, 55 and, subject to the provisions of article eighteen of this 56 chapter, to order the sidewalks, footways and crosswalks to 57 be paved, repaved, curbed or recurbed and kept in good 58 order, free and clean, by the owners or occupants thereof or 59 of the real property next adjacent thereto;

60 (6) To establish, construct, alter, operate and maintain, or
61 discontinue, bridges, tunnels and ferries and approaches
62 thereto;

63 (7) To provide for the construction and maintenance of
64 water drains, the drainage of swamps or marshlands and
65 drainage systems;

66 (8) To provide for the construction, maintenance and67 covering over of watercourses;

68 (9) To control and administer the waterfront and 69 waterways of the municipality and to acquire, establish, 70 construct, operate and maintain and regulate flood control 71 works, wharves and public landings, warehouses and all 72 adjuncts and facilities for navigation and commerce and the 73 utilization of the waterfront and waterways and adjacent 74 property;

(10) To prohibit the accumulation and require the disposal of garbage, refuse, debris, wastes, ashes, trash and other similar accumulations whether on private or public property: *Provided*, That, in the event the municipality annexes an area which has been receiving solid waste collection services from a certificated solid waste motor carrier, the municipality and the solid waste motor carrier.

[Eng. Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. No. 317 may negotiate an agreement for continuation of the private solid waste motor carrier services for a period of time, not to exceed three years, during which time the certificated solid waste motor carrier may continue to provide exclusive solid waste collection services in the annexed territory;

(11) To construct, establish, acquire, equip, maintain and
operate incinerator plants and equipment and all other
facilities for the efficient removal and destruction of garbage,
refuse, wastes, ashes, trash and other similar matters;

91 (12) To regulate or prohibit the purchase or sale of
92 articles intended for human use or consumption which are
93 unfit for use or consumption, or which may be contaminated
94 or otherwise unsanitary;

95 (13) To prevent injury or annoyance to the public or
96 individuals from anything dangerous, offensive or
97 unwholesome;

98 (14) To regulate the keeping of gunpowder and other99 combustibles;

100 (15) To make regulations guarding against danger or101 damage by fire;

102 (16) To arrest, convict and punish any individual for 103 carrying about his or her person any revolver or other pistol, 104 dirk, bowie knife, razor, slingshot, billy, metallic or other false knuckles or any other dangerous or other deadly 105 weapon of like kind or character: Provided, That with 106 respect to any firearm a municipality may only arrest, convict 107 and punish someone if they are in violation of an ordinance 108 authorized by subsection five-a of this article, a state law 109 110 proscribing certain conduct with a firearm or applicable 111 federal law;

(17) To arrest, convict and punish any person for
importing, printing, publishing, selling or distributing any
pornographic publications;

(18) To arrest, convict and punish any person for keeping
a house of ill fame, or for letting to another person any house
or other building for the purpose of being used or kept as a
house of ill fame, or for knowingly permitting any house

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owned by him or her or under his or her control to be kept or
used as a house of ill fame, or for loafing, boarding or
loitering in a house of ill fame, or frequenting same;

(19) To prevent and suppress conduct and practices
which are immoral, disorderly, lewd, obscene and indecent;
(20) To prevent the illegal sale of intoxicating liquors,
drinks, mixtures and preparations;

(21) To arrest, convict and punish any individual for
driving or operating a motor vehicle while intoxicated or
under the influence of liquor, drugs or narcotics;

129 (22) To arrest, convict and punish any person for gambling or keeping any gaming tables, commonly called 130"A, B, C," or "E, O," table or faro bank or keno table, or 131 132 table of like kind, under any denomination, whether the 133 gaming table be played with cards, dice or otherwise, or any 134 person who shall be a partner or concerned in interest, in keeping or exhibiting the table or bank, or keeping or 135 maintaining any gaming house or place, or betting or 136 gambling for money or anything of value; 137

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(23) To provide for the elimination of hazards to public
health and safety and to abate or cause to be abated anything
which in the opinion of a majority of the governing body is
a public nuisance;

142 (24) To license, or for good cause to refuse to license in 143 a particular case, or in its discretion to prohibit in all cases, 144 the operation of pool and billiard rooms and the maintaining for hire of pool and billiard tables notwithstanding the 145 146 general law as to state licenses for any such business and the 147 provisions of section four, article thirteen of this chapter; and 148 when the municipality, in the exercise of its discretion, 149 refuses to grant a license to operate a pool or billiard room, 150 mandamus may not lie to compel the municipality to grant 151 the license unless it shall clearly appear that the refusal of the 152 municipality to grant a license is discriminatory or arbitrary; 153 and in the event that the municipality determines to license 154 any business, the municipality has plenary power and authority and it shall be the duty of its governing body to 155 156 make and enforce reasonable ordinances regulating the 157 licensing and operation of the businesses;

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(25) To protect places of divine worship and to preserve
peace and order in and about the premises where held;

(26) To regulate or prohibit the keeping of animals or
fowls and to provide for the impounding, sale or destruction
of animals or fowls kept contrary to law or found running at
large;

(27) To arrest, convict and punish any person for cruelly,
unnecessarily or needlessly beating, torturing, mutilating,
killing, or overloading or overdriving or willfully depriving
of necessary sustenance any domestic animal;

(28) To provide for the regular building of houses or
other structures, for the making of division fences by the
owners of adjacent premises and for the drainage of lots by
proper drains and ditches;

(29) To provide for the protection and conservation of
shade or ornamental trees, whether on public or private
property, and for the removal of trees or limbs of trees in a
dangerous condition;

(30) To prohibit with or without zoning the location of
occupied house trailers or mobile homes in certain residential
areas;

179 (31) To regulate the location and placing of signs,180 billboards, posters and similar advertising;

181 (32) To erect, establish, construct, acquire, improve, 182 maintain and operate a gas system, a waterworks system, an 183 electric system or sewer system and sewage treatment and 184 disposal system, or any combination of the foregoing (subject 185 to all of the pertinent provisions of articles nineteen and twenty of this chapter and particularly to the limitations or 186 187 qualifications on the right of eminent domain set forth in 188 articles nineteen and twenty), within or without the corporate 189 limits of the municipality, except that the municipality may 190 not erect any system partly without the corporate limits of the 191 municipality to serve persons already obtaining service from 192 an existing system of the character proposed and where the 193 system is by the municipality erected, or has heretofore been 194 so erected, partly within and partly without the corporate

31 [Eng. Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. No. 317 limits of the municipality, the municipality has the right to 195 lay and collect charges for service rendered to those served 196 within and those served without the corporate limits of the 197 198 municipality and to prevent injury to the system or the 199 pollution of the water thereof and its maintenance in a 200 healthful condition for public use within the corporate limits 201 of the municipality;

(33) To acquire watersheds, water and riparian rights,
plant sites, rights-of-way and any and all other property and
appurtenances necessary, appropriate, useful, convenient or
incidental to any system, waterworks or sewage treatment
and disposal works, as aforesaid, subject to all of the
pertinent provisions of articles nineteen and twenty of this
chapter;

209 (34) To establish, construct, acquire, maintain and
210 operate and regulate markets and prescribe the time of
211 holding the same;

212 (35) To regulate and provide for the weighing of articles213 sold or for sale;

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214 (36) To establish, construct, acquire, maintain and 215 operate public buildings, municipal buildings or city halls, 216 auditoriums, arenas, jails, juvenile detention centers or 217 homes, motor vehicle parking lots or any other public works; 218 (37) To establish, construct, acquire, provide, equip, 219 maintain and operate recreational parks, playgrounds and 220 other recreational facilities for public use and in this 221 connection also to proceed in accordance with the provisions 222 of article two, chapter ten of this code;

(38) To establish, construct, acquire, maintain andoperate a public library or museum or both for public use;

(39) To provide for the appointment and financial support
of a library board in accordance with the provisions of article
one, chapter ten of this code;

(40) To establish and maintain a public health unit in
accordance with the provisions of section two, article two,
chapter sixteen of this code, which unit shall exercise its
powers and perform its duties subject to the supervision and
control of the West Virginia Board of Health and State
Bureau for Public Health;

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(41) To establish, construct, acquire, maintain and
operate hospitals, sanitarians and dispensaries;

236 (42) To acquire, by purchase, condemnation or otherwise, 237 land within or near the corporate limits of the municipality 238 for providing and maintaining proper places for the burial of 239 the dead and to maintain and operate the same and regulate 240 interments therein upon terms and conditions as to price and 241 otherwise as may be determined by the governing body and, 242 in order to carry into effect the authority, the governing body 243 may acquire any cemetery or cemeteries already established; 244 (43) To exercise general police jurisdiction over any territory without the corporate limits owned by the 245 municipality or over which it has a right-of-way; 246

247 (44) To protect and promote the public morals, safety,248 health, welfare and good order;

(45) To adopt rules for the transaction of business and thegovernment and regulation of its governing body;

(46) Except as otherwise provided, to require and takebonds from any officers, when considered necessary, payable

253	to the municipality, in its corporate name, with such sureties
254	and in a penalty as the governing body may see fit,
255	conditioned upon the faithful discharge of their duties;
256	(47) To require and take from the employees and
257	contractors such bonds in a penalty, with such sureties and
258	with such conditions, as the governing body may see fit;
259	(48) To investigate and inquire into all matters of concern
260	to the municipality or its inhabitants;
261	(49) To establish, construct, require, maintain and operate
2.62	
262	such instrumentalities, other than free public schools, for the
262 263	such instrumentalities, other than free public schools, for the instruction, enlightenment, improvement, entertainment,
263	
263 264	instruction, enlightenment, improvement, entertainment,

(50) To create, maintain and operate a system for the
enumeration, identification and registration, or either, of the
inhabitants of the municipality and visitors thereto, or the
classes thereof as may be considered advisable;

35 [Eng. Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. No. 317 271 (51) To require owners, residents or occupants of 272 factory-built homes situated in a factory-built rental home 273 community with at least ten factory-built homes, to visibly 274 post the specific numeric portion of the address of each 275 factory-built home on the immediate premises of the 276 factory-built home of sufficient size to be visible from the 277 adjoining street: Provided, That in the event no numeric or 278 other specific designation of an address exists for a factory-built home subject to the authorization granted by 279 280 this subdivision, the municipality has the authority to provide 281 a numeric or other specific designation of an address for the factory-built home and require that it be posted in accordance 282 with the authority otherwise granted by this section. 283

(52) To appropriate and expend not exceeding \$.25 per
capita per annum for advertising the municipality and the
entertainment of visitors;

(53) To conduct programs to improve community
relations and public relations generally and to expend
municipal revenue for such purposes;

(54) To reimburse applicants for employment by the
municipality for travel and other reasonable and necessary
expenses actually incurred by the applicants in traveling to
and from the municipality to be interviewed;

294 (55) To provide revenue for the municipality and295 appropriate the same to its expenses;

(56) To create and maintain an employee benefits fund
which may not exceed one tenth of one percent of the annual
payroll budget for general employee benefits and which is set
up for the purpose of stimulating and encouraging employees
to develop and implement cost-saving ideas and programs
and to expend moneys from the fund for these purposes;

302 (57) To enter into reciprocal agreements with 303 governmental subdivisions or agencies of any state sharing a 304 common border for the protection of people and property 305 from fire and for emergency medical services and for the 306 reciprocal use of equipment and personnel for these 307 purposes; [Eng. Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. No. 317
(58) To provide penalties for the offenses and violations
of law mentioned in this section, subject to the provisions of
section one, article eleven of this chapter, and such penalties
may not exceed any penalties provided in this chapter and
chapter sixty-one of this code for like offenses and violations;
and

314 (59) To participate in a purchasing card program for local
315 governments authorized and administered by the State
316 Auditor as an alternative payment method.

§8-12-5a. Limitations upon municipalities' power to restrict the purchase, possession, transfer, ownership, carrying, transport, sale and storage of certain weapons and ammunition.

(a) The Except as provided by the provisions of this
 section and the provisions of section five of this article,
 notwithstanding, neither a municipality nor the governing
 body of any municipality may, by ordinance or otherwise,
 limit the right of any person to purchase, possess, transfer,
 own, carry, transport, sell or store any revolver, pistol, rifle

7	or shotgun or any ammunition or ammunition components to
8	be used therewith nor to so regulate the keeping of
9	gunpowder so as to directly or indirectly prohibit the
10	ownership of the ammunition in any manner inconsistent
11	with or in conflict with state law.
12	Nothing herein shall in any way
13	(b) For the purposes of this section:
14	(1) "Municipally owned or operated building" means any
15	building that is used for the business of the municipality,
16	such as a courthouse, city hall, convention center,
17	administrative building or other similar municipal building
18	used for a municipal purpose permitted by state law:
19	Provided, That "municipally owned or operated building"
20	does not include a building owned by a municipality that is
21	leased to a private entity where the municipality primarily
22	serves as a property owner receiving rental payments.
23	(2) "Municipally owned recreation facility" means any
24	municipal swimming pool, recreation center, sports facility,

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39	[Eng. Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. No. 317
25	facility housing an after-school program or other similar
26	facility where children are regularly present.
27	(c)(1) A municipality may enact and enforce an ordinance
28	or ordinances that prohibit or regulate the carrying or
29	possessing of a firearm in municipally owned or operated
30	buildings.
31	(2) A municipality may enact and enforce an ordinance
32	or ordinances that prohibit a person from carrying or
33	possessing a firearm openly or that is not lawfully concealed
34	in a municipally owned recreation facility: Provided, That a
35	municipality may not prohibit a person with a valid
36	concealed handgun permit from carrying an otherwise
37	lawfully possessed firearm into a municipally owned
38	recreation facility and securely storing the firearm out of
39	view and access to others during their time at the municipally
40	owned recreation facility.
41	(3) A person may keep an otherwise lawfully possessed
42	firearm in a motor vehicle in municipal public parking
43	facilities if the vehicle is locked and the firearm is out of

44 <u>view.</u>

45	(4) A municipality may not prohibit or regulate the
46	carrying or possessing of a firearm on municipally owned or
47	operated property other than municipally owned or operated
48	buildings and municipally owned recreation facilities
49	pursuant to subdivisions (1) and (2) of this section:
50	Provided, That a municipality may prohibit persons who do
51	not have a valid concealed handgun license from carrying or
52	possessing a firearm on municipally owned or operated
53	property.
54	(d) It shall be an absolute defense to an action for an

55 <u>alleged violation of an ordinance authorized by this section</u> 56 prohibiting or regulating the possession of a firearm that the 57 person: (1) Upon being requested to do so, left the premises 58 with the firearm or temporarily relinquished the firearm in 59 response to being informed that his or her possession of the 60 firearm was contrary to municipal ordinance; and (2) but for 61 the municipal ordinance the person was lawfully in 62 possession of the firearm.

41	[Eng. Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. No. 317
63	(e) Any municipality that enacts an ordinance regulating
64	or prohibiting the carrying or possessing of a firearm
65	pursuant to subsection (c) of this section shall prominently
66	post a clear statement at each entrance to all applicable
67	municipally owned or operated buildings or municipally
68	owned recreation facilities setting forth the terms of the
69	regulation or prohibition.
70	(f) Redress for an alleged violation of this section may be
71	sought through the provisions of chapter fifty-three of this
72	code, which may include the awarding of reasonable
73	attorneys fees and costs.
74	(g) Upon the effective date of this section, section
75	fourteen, article seven, chapter sixty-one of this code is
76	inapplicable to municipalities. For the purposes of that
77	section, municipalities may not be considered a person
78	charged with the care, custody and control of real property.
79	(h) This section does not:
80	(1) Impair the authority of any municipality, or the
81	governing body thereof, to enact any ordinance or resolution
82	respecting the power to arrest, convict and punish any

83 individual under the provisions of subdivision (16), section
84 five of this article or from enforcing any such ordinance or
85 resolution; *Provided*, That any municipal ordinance in place
86 as of the effective date of this section shall be excepted from
87 the provisions of this section: *Provided*, *however*, That no
88 provision in this section may be construed to

89 (2) Authorize municipalities to restrict the carrying or possessing of firearms, which are otherwise lawfully 90 91 possessed, on public streets and sidewalks of the 92 municipality: Provided, That whenever pedestrian or 93 vehicular traffic is prohibited in an area of a municipality for the purpose of a temporary event of limited duration, not to 94 95 exceed fourteen days, which is authorized by a municipality, 96 a municipality may prohibit persons who do not have a valid 97 concealed handgun license from possessing a firearm in the 98 area where the event is held; or

99 (3) Limit the authority of a municipality to restrict the
100 commercial use of real estate in designated areas through
101 planning or zoning ordinances.